Name/Date: Social Studies 9 Unit 2 The British & North America 2A The Enlightenment Era

References: Cranny, M. (1998) <u>Crossroads: A Meeting of Nations</u>

Best pick weblink: http://easyweb.easynet.co.uk/~crossby/ECW/



English Gothic architecture common in 1500s, Wells Cathedral

Questions from <u>Crossroads</u>, Chapter 1 (p.4-11) -- preread p. 0-3

1. Before 1517, to what church or religion did all European Christians belong? (p. 4-5)

2. What was the Reformation? How did kings see themselves as a result of the Reformation?

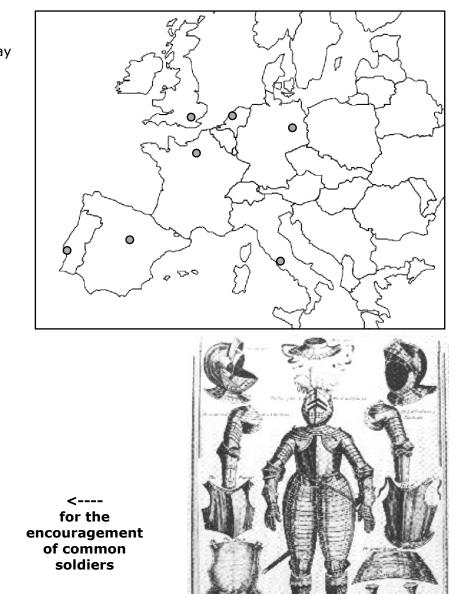
- 3. Why did living conditions & nutrition for many Europeans improve after 1500? (p. 6-7)
- 4. How and why did European countries develop empires in the 1500s and 1600s?
- 5. How did farming change during this time?
- 6. What was humanism and what was the new focus for Renaissance writers? (p. 8-9)

7. What innovation or invention helped to spread new ideas in the Renaissance? How?

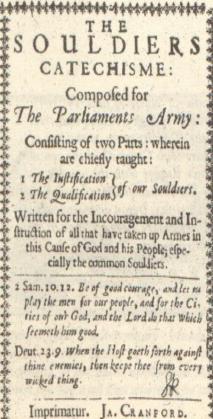
8. What was the impact of this time of change on science? (p. 10-11)

9. Examine the figures (1-1 and 1-2) on p. 4: Which one shows a Catholic Church? Which one shows a Protestant Church? How are they different?

10. Examine the map on p. 7: what did the five nations in the key have in common? Why had no nation claimed Australia or northwestern North America?



typical English battle dress in the 1600s ---->



Printed for J. Wright in the Old-Baily. 1644

11. Identify the following modern-day locations on the map:

Countries Britain (England) France Spain Portugal Netherlands Italv

Germany

Capitals London Paris Madrid Lisbon Amsterdam Rome Berlin